

May 29, 1961

Memorandum from Deputy Chair, South African Atomic Energy Board, T. E. W. Schumann Regarding 2 June 1961 Paris Meeting on Bilateral Safeguards

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Summary:

Memorandum discussing the impact on South Africa of new safeguards applied by the International Atomic Energy Agency to the sale and transfer of nuclear materials.

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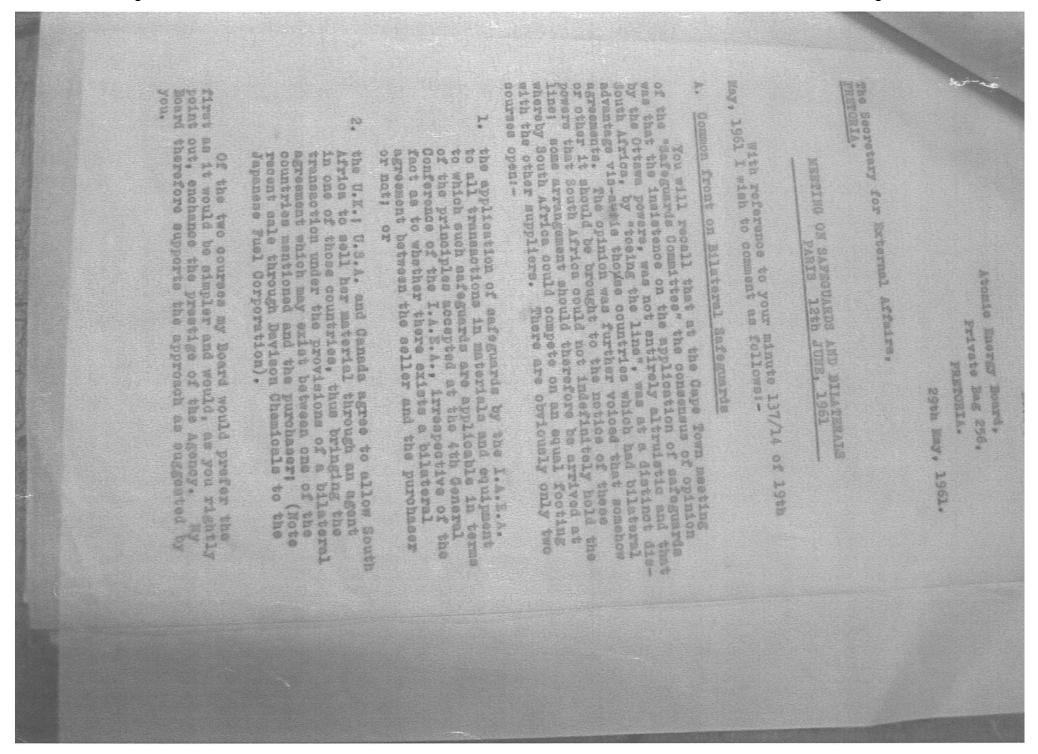
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on quotes" to the industry and I quote for your information the producers views on this matter:-

"In the view of the producers in South Africa, which it should be stressed have knit themselves into a strong body operating uniformly - a condition which it is understood does not apply to the producers in other understood does not apply to the product of the countries, who compete one with another - it is not surprising that the sove for an agreement on quotae should have amanated from the Australians, whose producers are believed to be the least competitive from a cost/price The South African producers, who are the standpoint.

most competitive in this respect, therefore cannot

most competitive in this respect, therefore cannot

most competitive australians, obtaining, under an agreement
on quotes negotiated at this stage, a benefit which from
the competitive standpoint they would not be entitled to 2000年中

This does not mean that the South African producers at some later stage will not participate in an agreement on quotas, but they view with alarm the possibility of an attempt by the least competitive of producers now to endeavour to obtain such an agreement, for in the absence of any other basis the division of quotes between the producing countries is likely to be determined on an unrealistic basis of capacity to produce rather than on the relative competitive positions from a cost/price standpoint.

The South African producers, who consider themselves to be in a very competitive position, are firmly of the view that it is too soon now to accept any restrictions on the sales of uranium, and they do not wish at this stage to be involved in any discussions on the question of the establishment of quotas. They would prefer to wait until the force of their bargaining position is more fully appreciated by the producers in the other countries involved, and wish to stress that they might be prejudiced by any attempt at the forthcoming meeting on Safeguards and Bilaterals in Paris to obtain agreement among producers on quotas. In fact, they are alarmed at the possibility that the Australians may try and force such an agreement by threats that they will not oc-operate in a common front on the matter of safeguards.

Mr. Sole refers to the suggestion emanating from Dr. A.J.R. van Rhijn, then Minister of Mines, made during his vieit to the United States and the Continent in 1957. that the uranium producers should come together and form some kind of central selling organization. In actual fact, nothing came of that suggestion, and while it was true that at that time the South African producers might have supported such a proposal, the position to-day is vantly different from that in 1957."

The position as stated by industry is correct and their views have my full support.

existration of bilateral transfer with the I.A.S., as central registry of stablishment of I.A.S.A. as central registry of international transfers for peaceful purposes of uranium and other items subject to safeguards.

The Board is still of opinion that the registration of the sales of nuclear materials would comes commercial difficulties in a compatitive market, since information supplied could not remain confidential. Purthermore, as you are sware, South Africa is committed to supply uranium primarily for defence purposes, and registration of only that which is sold for peaceful purposes would provoke criticism.

of the proposed registration system and is therefore in agreement with Mr. Sole, that it must be examined very critically from the point of view whether it will serve any real practical purpose. It may be added that the proposed register could only be of use as aniwhen safeguards are universally accepted and applied by all members of the agency.

D. Attachment of Safaguards to Specialised Equipment and Non-Buolear Raterials.

In view of the Board's views on the practicability of the application of safeguards to nuclear materials, it would be illogical to support its application to non-nuclear materials.

E. Future Considerations.

The Board has no comments to offer on this item and has no additional items which it would wish to suggest for inclusion in the Agenda.

(Sgd.) T. Schumann.

T.E.W. Schumann DEPUTY CHAIRMAN : ATOMIC ENERGY BOARD.