

May 8, 1981

Telegram from South African Ministry of Foreign Affairs on Announcement by F.W. de Klerk, Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs, that SAFARI I Reactor

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Summary:

South African Ministry of Foreign Affairs informs its missions in Washington, Paris, London, Bonn about an announcement by F.W. De Klerk, Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs, that under terms agree with the United States and the IAEA, SAFARI I will be operated on locally manufactured fuel.

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SAFARI-1 TO BE OPERATED ON LOCALLY MANUFACTURED FUEL

IT GIVES ME GREAT PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE ATOMIC ENERGY
BOARDS'S RESEARCH REACTOR SAFARI-1 WILL IN FUTURE BE OPERATED ON
LOCALLY PRODUCED FUEL ELEMENTS.

FOR INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL REASONS, IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE FOR SOUTH AFRICA TO OBTAIN NUCLEAR FUEL FOR SAFARI-1 SINCE 1976.

AS A RESULT OF THIS AND ALSO BECAUSE THE COUNTRY COULD NOT AFFORD CURTAILMENT OF THE AEB'S RESEARCH PROGRAMME AND, IN PARTICULAR, THE PRODUCTION OF RADIOISOTOPES FOR MEDICAL APPLICATION, WHICH IS ALMOST ENTIRELY DEPENDENT ON THE OPERATION OF SAFARI-1, IT WAS DECIDED THAT A SERIOUS ATTEMPT SHOULD BE MADE TO SUPPLY THE FUEL FROM LOCAL SOURCES.

PRODUCING A LIMITED QUANTITY OF 45 PER CENT ENRICHED URANIUM. THIS WAS PROCESSED AND MANUFACTURED INTO FUEL ELEMENTS BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY BOARD. AS WAS ALREADY REPORTED TO THE INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR FUEL EVALUATION STUDY GROUP, IN WHICH 66 COUNTRIES AND 5 INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATED, THE ATOMIC ENERGY BOARD LAUNCHED A DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME WITH A VIEW TO MASTERING THE TECHNOLOGY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF FUEL ELEMENTS OF THE LOWEST POSSIBLE ENRICHMENT SUITABLE FOR THE OPERATION OF SAFARI-1.

A URANIUM ENRICHMENT OF 45 PER CENT WITH RESPECT TO THE 235 ISOTOPE IS THE MINIMUM THAT CAN BE UTILIZED IN SAFARI-1 WITH PROVEN TECHNOLOGY, AS WAS ALSO CONFIRMED BY INFCE.

AS ONLY A LIMITED QUANTITY OF 45 PER CENT ENRICHED URANIUM COULD BE PRODUCED BY UCOR UP TO DATE, SAFARI-1 WILL BE OPERATED PROVISIONALLY AT A QUARTER OF ITS NORMAL CAPACITY OF 20 MEGAWATT, NAMELY AT 5 MW. EVEN AT THIS LOW POWER IT WILL BE POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE LOCALLY THOSE RADIOISOTOPES MOST ESSENTIAL FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES AND TO CONTINUE A LARGE NUMBER OF THOSE RESEARCH PROJECTS DEPENDENT ON THE OPERATION OF SAFARI-1.

ACCORDING TO THE TRILATERAL SAFEGUARDS AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE RSA, THE USA AND THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA), IN TERMS OF WHICH THE USA SOLD SAFARI-1 TO SOUTH AFRICA, SAFARI-1 WILL REMAIN UNDER IAEA SAFEGUARDS. THE LOCALLY PRODUCED FUEL WILL THEREFORE ALSO BECOME SUBJECT TO IAEA SAFEGUARDS AND INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION AS SOON AS IT IS INTRODUCED INTO SAFARI-1-

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