

August 17, 1949
**Information Report, 'Opinions in Manila regarding
the Visit of CHIANG Kai-shek'**

Citation:

"Information Report, 'Opinions in Manila regarding the Visit of CHIANG Kai-shek'", August 17, 1949, Wilson Center Digital Archive, CIA Records Search Tool (CREST)
CIA-RDP82-00457R003000690009-8. Contributed by Charles Kraus.
<https://wilson-center.drivingcreative.com/document/134197>

Summary:

A CIA summary of views in the Philippines regarding the meeting between Chiang Kai-shek and Elpidio Quirino.

Credits:

This document was made possible with support from Chun & Jane Chiu Family Foundation

Original Language:

English

Contents:

Original Scan
Transcript - English

Approved For Release 2001/11/26 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000600060008-8

INFORMATION REPORT
CONFIDENTIAL

CD NO.

DATE DISTR. 17 AUG 49

NO. OF PAGES 1

NO. OF ENCLS.
(LISTED BELOW)SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

COUNTRY Philippines/China

SUBJECT Opinions in Manila Regarding the Visit
of CHIANG Kai-shekPLACE
ACQUIRED

25X1C

DATE OF INFO. 25X1A

25X1X

1. There are three differing opinions in Manila concerning the Philippine visit of CHIANG Kai-shek.
2. It is thought by some persons that President Quirino maneuvered CHIANG's sudden visit to promote for himself the support and financial backing of loyal Nationalist Chinese, among whom are many of the wealthiest families in the Philippines. It was noted that immediately after CHIANG's arrival a majority of the Philippines' wealthiest Chinese Nationalists appeared to greet him, apparently upon the advance invitation of President Quirino.
3. A second opinion is that Quirino instigated the visit on the advice of his Foreign Office as a move calculated to impress the United States with Philippine potentialities in Asian affairs. It is believed that the attention focused on the Philippines might possibly influence the U.S. in favor of economic help to the Islands.
4. A third view is that Quirino promoted the visit as a political stratagem for vote getting by presenting himself as the able pilot of the nation, charting the wisest course over the troubled Pacific waters.

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFICATION ~~SECRET~~ CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

STATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NSRB	DISTRIBUTION																	
ARMY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FBI																		

This document is hereby regraded to CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the letter of 16 October 1978 from the Director of Central Intelligence to the Archivist of the United States.

Next Review For Release 2001/11/26 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000600060008-8

Document No. 000
NO CHANGE in Class.
☒ DECLASSIFIED
Class. CHANGED TO: CS S C
Auth: Dec 30, 1977
Date: MAY 30 1978 By: 013

[...]

INFORMATION REPORT

□ □□

□□□ □□□

□□□ □□□ □□□

CD NO. □□□

□□□ □□

□□□ □□□

COUNTRY: Philippines/China □□□

□□□ □□□ □□□

DATE DISTR.: 17 AUG 49 □□□ □□

□□□ □□□

SUBJECT: 'Opinions in Manila regarding the Visit of CHIANG Kai-shek □□□

□□□ □□□ □□□

NO. OF PAGES: 1 □□□ □□

□□□ □□□

PLACE ACQUIRED: [Redacted] □□□

□□□ □□□ □□□

NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW): □□□ □□

□□□ □□□

DATE OF INFO: [Redacted] □□□

□□□ □□□ □□□

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO: □□□ □□

[Redacted paragraph]

1. There are three differing opinions in Manila concerning the Philippine visit of CHIANG Kai-shek [Jiang Jieshi].

2. It is thought by some persons that President Quirino maneuvered CHIANG's sudden visit to promote for himself the support and financial backing of loyal Nationalist Chinese, among whom are many of the wealthiest families in the Philippines. It was noted that immediately after CHIANG's arrival a majority of the Philippines' wealthiest Chinese Nationalists appeared to greet him, apparently upon the advance invitation of President Quirino.

3. A second opinion is that Quirino instigated the visit on the advice of his Foreign Office as a move calculated to impress the United States with Philippine potentialities in Asian affairs. It is believe that the attention focused on the Philippines might possibly influence the U.S. in favor of economic help to the Islands.

4. A third view is that Quirino promoted the visit as a political stratagem for vote getting by presenting himself as the able pilot of the nation, charting the wisest course over the troubled Pacific waters.

[...]